### STATUTORY AUDIT

### REPORT

OF

# ACL ADVANCED MATERIALS PRIVATE LIMITED

**FINANCIAL YEAR: 2024-25** 

...



111

Ш

III

111

111

111

III

111

111

111

111

111

Ш

111

111

111

111

111

Ш

111

Ш

111

H

Ш

111

111

Ш

111

111

111

Ш

111

Ш

Ш

111

111

111

111

111

111

111

111

Ш

III

Ш

111

Ш

111

111

111

KASG & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

121

Ш

111

111

111

111

Ш

Ш

111

181

111

111

111

Ш

Ш

H

Ш

III

Ш

111

111

111

III

Ш

111

111

111

Ш

111

111

111

Ш

111

111

151

Ш

111

Ш

Ш

Ш

111

111

111

Ш

111

Suite No. 5C, 5th Floor Gajraj Signature 5A, Sadananda Road Kolkata - 700 026



Suite No. 5C, 5th Floor "Gajraj Signature" 5A, Sadananda Road Kolkata – 700 026 Ph.: +91 33 4006 8520

e-mail: bharatgoel@kasgca.com Website : www.kasgca.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
ACL ADVANCED MATERIALS PRIVATE LIMITED

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the Financial Statements of ACL Advanced Materials Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at **31st March 2025**, and the statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guaranteed that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including
  the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions
  and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure - A", a statement on the matter specified in paragraphs 3&4 of the said Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;



- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 44 to the Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 44 to the Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

Contd... p/5



- c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under subclause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (A) and (B) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) The company has not paid or declared any dividend during the year and hence provision for section 123 not applicable.
- (h) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

#### for KASG & Co.

Firm's Registration No. 002228C

**Chartered Accountants** 

**CA. Bharat Goel** 

Partner

Membership No.060069

UDIN: 25060069BMZWOH8446

Parlered Accoun

Place: Kolkata

# "Annexure - A" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of ACL Advanced Materials Private Limited

(referred to in paragraph1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the company and the books of accounts and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii) (a) The provisions of 3(ii)(a) of the order is not applicable, as the company has no physical inventory.
  - (b) The provisions of 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable, as the company has not been sanctioned working capital limit during the year.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not made any Investments neither provided any Guarantee or Security or granted any Loans or Advances in loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Limited Liability Partnerships, or any other parties during the year.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the company has not provided any security as specified under Section 186 of the Act. Further, in our opinion, the company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act in relation to loans given, guarantees provided and investments made.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and rules made there under. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable.
- (vi) The Central Government has specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for the products of the company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the company and are of the opinion that prima-facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determining whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. As on the last day of the financial year no undisputed statutory dues where outstanding for a period of six month from the date they become payable.



- (b) There are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as at balance sheet date on account of disputes. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vii) (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) The company has not applied for term loan during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
  - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year under audit. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures or further issue of share capital during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) As there was no fraud noticed during the year, therefore, this clause is not applicable. No report under sub-section (12) of the section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the Auditor in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government
  - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle-blower compliant received by the Company during the year
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company hence, the clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

Contd...

- (xiii) In our opinion, the company, is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not have internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
  - (b) The Company did not have any internal audit system. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the company has not entered any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly the provisions of sub-clause (a) of clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted we report that the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing activity and accordingly the provisions of sub-clause (b) clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and accordingly the provisions of sub-clause (c) of clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted we are of opinion that the company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the examination of financial ratio ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities and also other information accompanying the financial statement, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

Contd...



- (xx) a) Based on our audit procedure and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to transfer any amount to a fund specified in schedule (VII) to the Companies Act within a period of six month of the expiry of the preceding financial year as the company spent excess amount.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation the company has no unspent amount under section 135 (5) of the Companies Act 2013 pursuing to any on-going projects.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration No. 002228C

**Chartered Accountants** 

CA. Bharat Goel

Partner

Membership No: 060069

Place: Kolkata

"Annexure - B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of ACL Advanced Materials Private Limited

(referred to in paragraph section "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" forming part of the Independent Auditor's report even dated)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

### Opinion

- 1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ACL Advanced Materials Private Limited ("the Company") as at 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

3. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



- 5. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

7. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration No. 002228C

Seriered Accounts

**Chartered Accountants** 

CA. Bharat Goel

Partner

Membership No: 060069

Place: Kolkata

### Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025

Amount in Rs.in Lakhs

	Note No.	As at 31st March 2025
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES :-		
(1) Shareholders' Funds:		
Share Capital	2	10.00
Reserves and Surplus	3	(0.26)
		9.74
(2) Current Liabilities:		
Other Current Liabilities	4	0.05
		0.05
Total		9.79
II. ASSETS:-		
(1) Non-Current Assets:		
Non-Current Investments	5	9.00
(2) Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	0.79
·		0.79
Total		9.79
Significant Accounting Policies :	1 =	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

ACL Advanced Materials
Private Limited

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 002228C

**Chartered Accountants** 

**CA. Bharat Goel** 

Partner

M.no.:060069

**Devendra Kumar Dave** 

Director

DIN-09398171

Place: Kolkata

Date: 28th day of April 2025

Sanjay Kumar Parida

Soujantem Panil

Director

DIN-08626684

### Statement of Profit and Loss for the period 24.10.2024 to 31.03.2025

Amount in Rs.in Lakhs

I. Income :	Note No.	For year ended 31st March 2025
Revenue from Operation	-	-
II. Expenses:		
Audit Fees		0.05
Rates & Taxes		0.10
Administrative & Other Expenses	_	0.11
	in the state of th	0.26
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(0.26)
Add/(Less): Tax Expenses		-
Profit/(Loss) after tax		(0.26)
[Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs. 10/- (previous year: Rs. 10/- each)]	=	
Basic & Diluted		(0.03)
Significant Accounting Policies :	1	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

ACL Advanced Materials
Private Limited

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 002228C

**Chartered Accountants** 

**CA. Bharat Goel** 

Partner

M.no.:060069

Devendra Kumar Dave

Director

DIN-09398171

Sanjay Kumar Parida

Somjan um Parite

Director

DIN-08626684

Place: Kolkata

### Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

		Amount in Rs. In Lakhs
		For year ended 31st March 2025
(A) Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(0.26)
Operating Profit before working capital ch <u>Adjustments For</u> :	nanges	(0.26)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Lia	bilities	0.05
Cash generated from Operations Less: Income Tax		(0.21)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(A)	(0.21)
(B) Cash flows from Investing activities Issue of Share Capital Investment in Mutual Fund		10.00 (9.00)
Net Cash used in Investing activities	(B)	1.00
(C) Cash flows from Financing activities Net Cash used in Financing activities	(C)	
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalen Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of	period	0.79 -
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the p	period	0.79
Cash and Cash equivalents includes :		
Cash on hand Balances with banks		-
in Current accounts		0.79

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

ACL Advanced Materials Private
Limited

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 002228C

arrered Account

**Chartered Accountants** 

CA. Bharat Goel

Partner

M.no.:060069

Place: Kolkata

Date: 28th day of April 2025

**Devendra Kumar Dave** 

Director

DIN-09398171

Sanjay Kumar Parida

Director

DIN-08626684

Notes "1" to "7" annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### Note "1": Accounting Policies:

### 1.1 Basis of Preparation of Accounts:-

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

#### 1.2 Revenue Recognition:-

Income and Expenses are recognized on accrual basis except filing fees etc. Interest & Rental income is recognized on time proportion basis.

#### 1.3 Cash Flow Statement:-

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information. The Company's Cash comprises cash on hand, at Bank and demand deposits with banks.

#### 1.4 Use of Estimates:-

The preparation of financial statement requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialized.

#### 1.5 Accounting for Taxes on Income:-

#### i) Current Taxes

Provision of current tax is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

### ii) Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized by computing the tax effect on timing difference which arise during the year and reverse in the subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

### 1.6 Earnings Per Share:-

In determining the earning per share, the company considers the net profit after tax and includes the post–tax effect of any extra ordinary items. The number of shares used in computing the earning per share is the number of shares allotted by the company as on the <u>Balance Sheet date</u>.







Contd...

Notes "1" to "7" annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### 1.7 Investments:-

Current Investments are Valued at cost or Market Value, whichever is lower. Long term Investments are stated at cost. Provision for diminution in the value of long-term investments is made only if such a decline is other than temporary in the opinion of the management.

- 1.8 Events Occurring after the Balance Sheet Date:Events occurring after the balance sheet date, which represent material changes and commitments affecting the financial position, are disclosed by way of notes on the accounts.
- 1.9 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:Provisions are recognized when the company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the company has possible obligation or a present obligation and it is probable that a cash outflow will not be required to settle the obligation.







Amount in Rs.in Lakhs

## As at 31st March 2025

	The second secon
Note "2" : Share Capital :	
Authorised Shares	
1,00,000 number of equity shares of Rs.10/- each	10.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up	
1,00,000 number of equity shares of Rs.10/-each	10.00
	10.00

(a) Reconciliation of Equity shares outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	
	No.	Rs.
At the beginning of the period	_	-
Add: Issued during the year	1,00,000	10,00,000
Outstanding at the end of the period	1,00,000	10,00,000

(b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31st March 2025	
Name of the shareholder	No.	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid		
Petro Carbon and Chemicals Limited	1,00,000.00	100.00%

2.1 The Company issued only one class of Shares referred to as Equity Shares having a face value of Rs. 10/- each. All equity shares carry one vote per share without restriction and are entitled to dividend, as and when declared. All shares rank equally with regard to company's residual assets.

### Note "3" : Reserves and Surplus :

Surplus/ (Deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Opening Balances

Add/(Less): Profit / (Loss) for the year

Closing Balances

(0.26)







Amount in Rs.in Lakhs

	As at 31st March 2025
Note "4" : Other Current Liabilities :	
Audit Fees Payable	0.05
	0.05
Note "5": Non-Current Investments:  in Mutual Funds ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund { 33659.535 (previous year: Nil) numbers of Mutual Funds Units}	9.00
	9.00
Aggregate Value of Quoted Investments	Parameters are restricted in the country and t
Aggregate Value of Unquoted Investments	9.00
Aggregate Market Value of Unquoted Investments	9.15
Note "6" : Cash and Cash Equivalents : Balances with banks	
in Current accounts	0.79
Cash on hand	-
(as certified by the management)	
	0.79







- 7.1 There are no immovable properties where the title deeds are not held in the name of the Company (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the company, if any).
- 7.2 There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and related parties, either severally or jointly with another person, that are (i) repayable on demand or (ii) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 7.3 The Company does not have any Benami Property and no proceedings have been initiated or is pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions(Prohibition) Act,1988.
- 7.4 The Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution.
- 7.5 The Company has no transactions with companies struck off under Sec.248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Sec.560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- 7.6 The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 7.7 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- 7.8The Company does not have any such transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the income Tax Act, 1961).
- 7.9 The Previous year figures are not applicable as the company is incorporated on 24/10/2024 during the year.

7.10 The current reporting period is from 24/10/2024 to 31/03/2025.

As per our report of even date

for KASG & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 002228C

**Chartered Accountants** 

CA. Bharat Goel

Partner

M.no.:060069

Place: Kolkata

Date: 28th day of April 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Leverd sa

**ACL Advanced Materials Private Limited** 

**Devendra Kumar Dave** 

Smymmum Ponit

Director

DIN-09398171

Sanjay Kumar Parida

Director

DIN-08626684